



Dr. Rebecca Mitchell (EL) Researcher, NREL



Tucker Farrell (PI)
Research Engineer, NREL



Randy Gee (IM) CEO, Sundog Solar Technology



#### Interviews



### What is I-CORPS



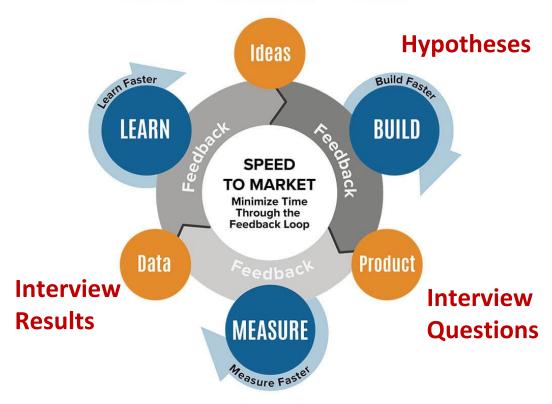


DOE program designed to increase the economic impact of DOE-funded research.

Experiential program prepares scientists and engineers to extend their focus beyond the laboratory.

Provides valuable information to use in aligning resources to establish a viable commercialization pathway.

### **BUILD** ► **MEASURE** ► **LEARN**

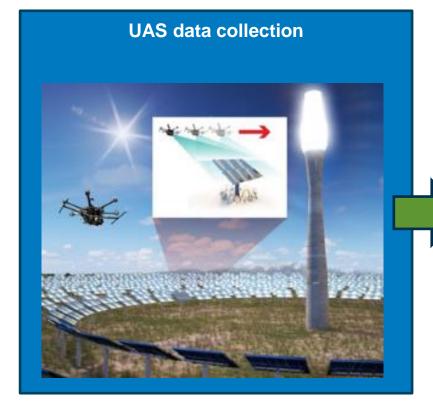


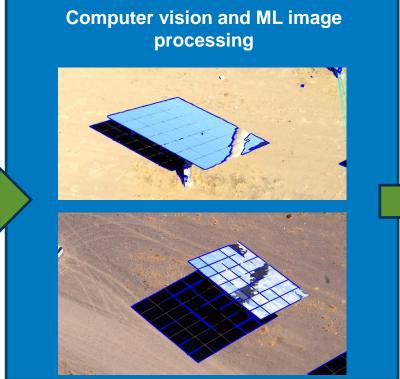
75 Interviews in 9 weeks

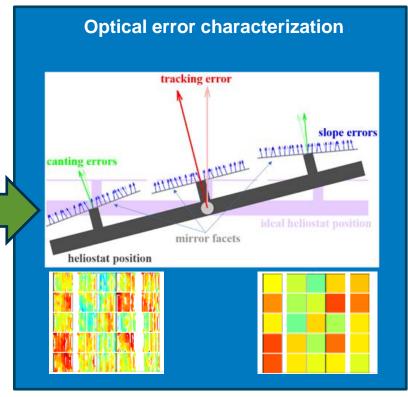
### What is NIO



- NIO allows for the efficient optical assessment of a commercial-scale CSP solar field.
- Heliostats are scanned in seconds using Unmanned Aircraft Systems (UAS) imaging.
- The method produces detailed optical characterization data over the full mirror surface for every heliostat (slope, canting, and tracking error).





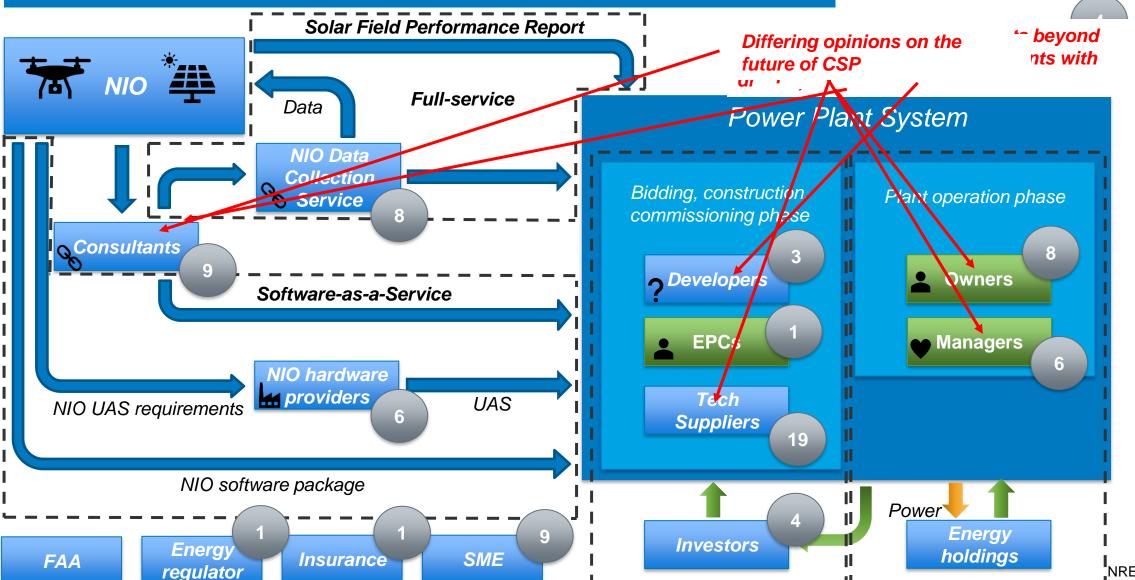


# Agenda

- **Ecosystem and Value Proposition**
- **Partnerships and Market Sizing**
- **Interviews and Findings**
- **Conclusions**

### CSP Power Tower Ecosystem

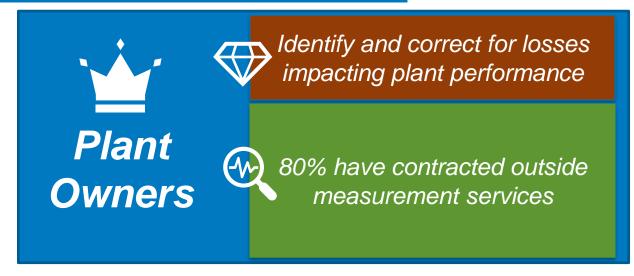




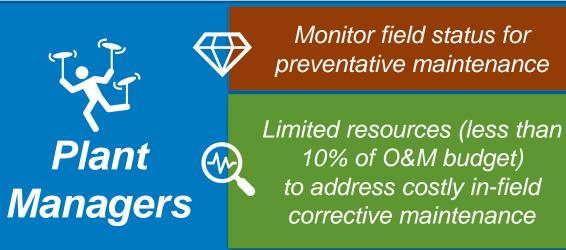
# Value Proposition and Customers



Available as a system or service, NIO provides CSP owners, managers, and EPCs a full-field, high-precision optical performance measurement to ensure installed heliostats are within tolerance during commissioning and increase watts to the receiver up to 8% by isolating actionable losses in the solar field.











### **Partnerships**

**UAS** surveyors

ZEITVIEW 7 DroneDeploy



NIO needs:

Global reach

Fast response

Registered pilots

**UAS** needs:

Additional service line and revenue from CSP sector

**NIO** provides:

Specialized flight planning for autonomous data collection

**UAS** provides:

Data collection service and delivers data to NIO

Risks:

UAS company interest in CSP service

Revenue volume insufficient to establish service line

CSP consultants

NIO needs:

Established experts to show better optics is more \$.

Consultants need:

A solution to prescribe for solar field performance concerns

NIO provides to consultants:

A solution to solar field underperformance. And \$.

Consultants provide for NIO:

A prescription. And the only prescription, is more NIO.

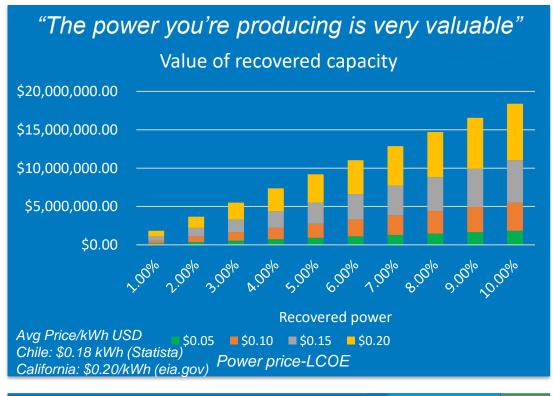
Risks:

NIO failing impacts consultant reputation

Consultants recommending NIO when not suitable.

### Premium Power and Market Sizing





Total Available Market SAM SOM O&M for CSP Tower \$170 million \$10.2m

What we've heard:

Engineers and owners will pursue 1-2% improvements, internal R&D looks for even less

Control system responses to solar field issues have recovered up to 8% with aiming strategy

Plants have invested heavily to prepare for "peak power" seasons

Plants have invested in multi-year, million-dollar efforts to improve performance

If the data is **usable**, the data is valuable.

Industry size may not support this yet

### Interview Overview



CSP Plants Owners/Operators and Managers
Crescent Dunes
Cerro Dominador
Noor 3
Cosin Solar
BrightSource
ACWA

Tech Suppliers Heliostat and system designers
Vast
24/7 Solar
Heliogen
24/7 Solar
Cener
Tewer



# Plant Owners, Managers, and Leaders



### Identified Uses of NIO



#### Solar Field Diagnostics

Plants have invested heavily in optical performance

Control system upgrades over multi-million-dollar heliostat adjustment plan.

Calibration system upgrades to improve heliostat pointing

BCS calibrations have issues addressing far-field mirrors due to spillage intrusion on target and weak beam at long distance

#### Solar Field Monitoring

Not all plants report issues calibrating, but can't measure mirror shape

Fields are appropriately oversized for losses

To an extent, consistency is more important than meeting modeled output

Emphasized reliance on models

Plants have expressed interest in "knowing the state of the field"

#### Internal R&D

Several calibration methods in development

But reportedly no issues with solar field

Plants have been reporting overproduction

# Plant Decision Making





Day to day operations

Operate with regular staff whenever possible

Contract out when something breaks (ideally not often)

Limited budget, staff, bandwidth for implementing new technologies/practices



Plant Owners Year to year, when things go wrong, or contracting

Interest in annual field health checks (curiosity more than pain point)

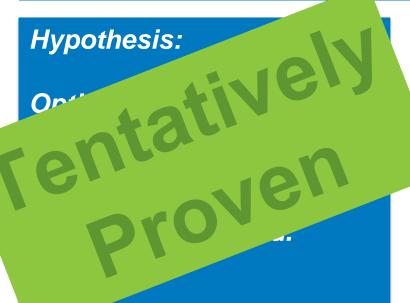
Varying levels of involvement

More power may not mean more money – dictated by terms of PPA, incentives

### NIO Use-Case

Plant decision makers as a customer segment





Plants expressed a clear need, but how bad do they want it and how many of them are there?

#### **Evidence for**

This has been done before

80% of the plants we spoke to contracted outside measurement services

Done for fields not struggling with solar field calibration

Need to identify sources of power loss

10-15% of losses due to aggregated solar field errors

Difficulty deciding how to prioritize limited maintenance resources

#### Evidence against

Not all plants have this need

Plants may not be experiencing ANY issues with the solar field

Consistent, reliable installation process and efficient calibration procedures

Some heliostats not tunable in the field at all

#### Money for this?

Less that 10% of budget for O&M of the solar field

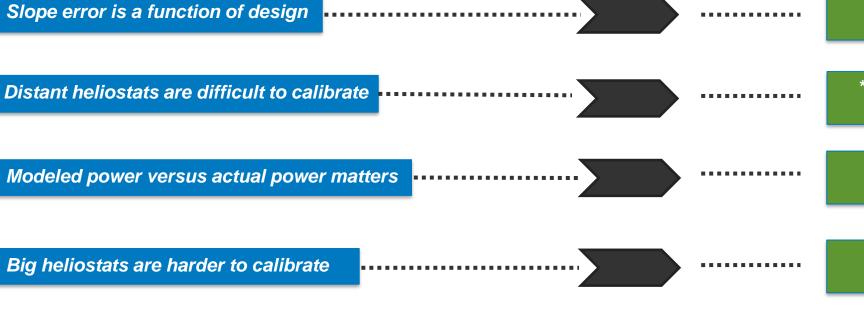
Spoke to 5 plants, low number, but high percentage of CSP industry

### Trends

Biggest issue is the power block

Addressed in: Supported in:

almost all almost all



\*60% (100% over 1km)

100%

100%

100%

100%

Metric is % of supporting responses out of # of times addressed.





Performance guarantees get you through commissioning







Pleath

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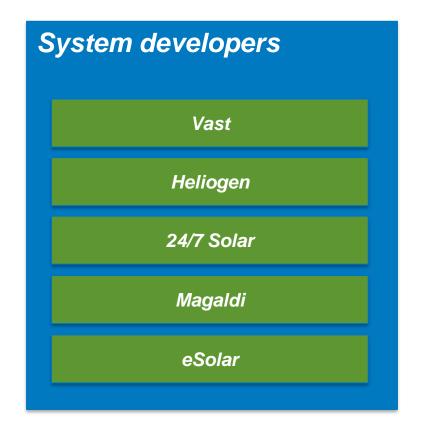
# Technology Suppliers

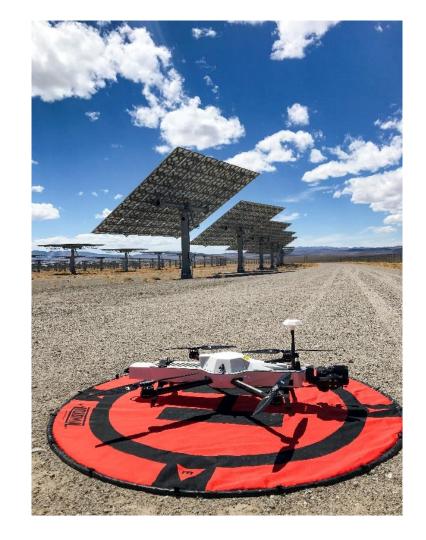


# Interview Recap



Heliostat designers	
Cener	
Tewer	
Acciona	
SolarReserve	
Abengoa	
SBP	
Heliuss	





### Key Points



#### Heliostat designers

3<sup>rd</sup> party assessment of optics is highly recommended

Plants haven't requested in-field validation from the designer

All design parameters are developed internally (0.5-2 mrad common)

Not every heliostat is adjustable in the field

A good heliostat is in the design. In-field adjustments are costly. If they're needed, you're in trouble.

#### System developers

Early on, wear all the hats.
Owner, developer, EPC, tech
supplier. Must go right the first
time.

The end user cares about power and cost. Needs to be in terms of power and cost.

Beneficial to design heliostats and receivers together



### NIO Use-Case

Heliostat developers as a customer segment





Insufficient evidence to support this as a viable business model in the current industry, perhaps in the future...

#### **Evidence for**

Heliostat optical accuracy of high value to developers

Internal testing to meeting optical performance metrics (<2 mrad)

Purchase of redundant measurement systems

Performance Guarantees as selling point

Demonstration of reliability in bidding process

"Performance guarantees" and "insurance premiums" language that came from developers

#### Evidence against

Plants are not asking for this data from developers

Cost is a bigger factor in the bidding process

Rarely follow-up from plants on in-field performance

Heliostat developers do not currently see this as an option

Developers had not considered possibility of lifetime measurements

# Contractors and Consultants



# Interview Recap



# Contractors/Consultants

FTI

**Tietronix** 

Planet A Energy

**Sunntics** 

Aelius

#### Service providers

**CSP Services** 

Tewer

**UAS** companies



### **Key Points**



#### Consultants/Contractors

Solar field losses are not explicitly characterized, strictly expected vs received power.

But, models often include itemized loss-budgets based on specs from heliostat designer

Strong models are crucial for optimization and performance monitoring

Plants can be overwhelmed with technical issues, must help identify which ones matter

Performance guarantees are used for commissioning, must hit % of design power.

Disputes occur when actual watts don't meet design watts – whose component is at fault?

Contracts are not written with enough technical detail/requirements for optical performance

#### Service providers

Very little business for CSP service providers is in the tower sector (5-10%)

Field measurement campaigns (as a service) are ~\$20-50k, not big moneymakers

Big-ticket items sold are automatic measurement systems

Plants often don't know what they need when requesting services

### Main Takeaways for NIO







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#### Assumptions going in

Commercial plants are struggling with optical measurement of the solar field

Measurement of the solar field is a priority at commercial plants

#### The reality

Some do, not all, depends on installation, calibration, and field/mirror size

BUT, fields that do not struggle with optical measurement are still interested in third-party validation

Generally, no, tank or power block issues take priority

Plant managers have limited staff and budget

#### New avenues to pursue

Cheaper alternative to an "oversized" field

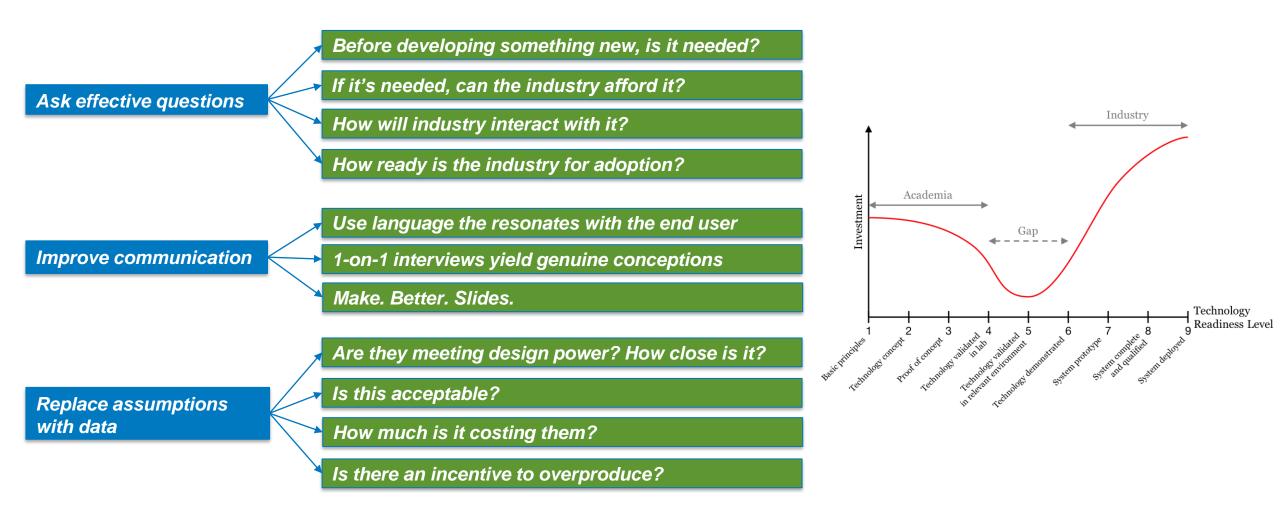
High value at the installation and commissioning stage

Long term operational data for tech suppliers for performance guarantee and reduction of insurance premiums

**Uses in PV?** 

### Takeaways from Energy I-CORPS





Can't assume something will sell just because it makes an improvement. Everything has a cost!

### ENERGY I-CORPS





# Thank You



#### www.nrel.gov

Tucker Farrell Rebecca Mitchell Rebecca.Mitchell@nrel.gov

National Renewable Energy Laboratory United States

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### More from HelioCon

 Past seminar presentations available on the HelioCon seminar webpage:

https://heliocon.org/resources/heliocon esev.html

- More resources can be found on the HelioCon resources webpage: <a href="https://heliocon.org/resources/resources-1.html">https://heliocon.org/resources/resources-1.html</a>
- Subscribe to the seminar series or get in touch: heliostat.consortium@nrel.gov

### Next Seminar September 27<sup>th</sup>!

**HelioCon Seminar Series: Challenges and Solutions in Heliostat Optical Metrology** 

Speaker: Dr. Randy Brost, SNL

When: 1-2 pm MDT Wednesday September 27<sup>th</sup>

Zoom: <a href="https://nrel.zoomgov.com/j/1613394621">https://nrel.zoomgov.com/j/1613394621</a>

